SQL

1. Which of the following constraint requires that there should not be duplicate entries? A) No Duplicity B) Different C) Null D) Unique

Answer : D) Unique Constraint

2. Which of the following constraint allows null values in a column? A) Primary key B) Empty Value C) Null D) None of them

Answer : C) Null

3. Which of the following statements are true regarding Primary Key? A) Each entry in the primary key uniquely identifies each entry or row in the table B) There can be duplicate values in a primary key column C) There can be null values in Primary key D) None of the above.

Answer : A) Each entry in the primary key uniquely identifies each entry or row in the table

4. Which of the following statements are true regarding Unique Key? A) There should not be any duplicate entries B) Null values are not allowed C) Multiple columns can make a single unique key together D) All of the above

Answer : A) There should not be any duplicate entries

5. Which of the following is/are example of referential constraint? A) Not Null B) Foreign Key C) Referential key D) All of them

Answer : B) Foreign Key

14. Which of the following is/are entity constraints in SQL? A) Duplicate B) Unique C) Primary Key D) Null

Answer : B) Unique and C) Primary Key

15. Which of the following statements is an example of semantic Constraint? A) A blood group can contain one of the following values - A, B, AB and O. B) A blood group can only contain characters C) A blood group cannot have null values D) Two or more donors can have same blood group

Answer : A) Option A is semantic constraint as it ensures that these values only can belong to the blood group column.